

**Table 10. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work<sup>1</sup> by selected occupations and number of days away from work, 2009**

**South Carolina--state government**

Occupation	Percent of cases involving								Median days away from work
	Total cases	1 day	2 days	3 to 5 days	6 to 10 days	11 to 20 days	21 to 30 days	31 days or more	
Total [1,170 cases]	100.0	12.0	9.4	22.2	9.4	9.4	6.8	31.6	10
Social and human service assistants.....	100.0	5.6	11.1	16.7	11.1	13.9	--	38.9	14
Correctional officers and jailers.....	100.0	--	--	37.5	--	--	--	--	8
Psychiatric aides.....	100.0	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	6
Automotive service technicians and mechanics.....	100.0	--	--	100.0	--	--	--	--	4
Nursing aides, orderlies, and attendants.....	100.0	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	11
Janitors and cleaners, except maids and housekeeping cleaners.....	100.0	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	14

<sup>1</sup> Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.